

HEBREWS LESSON 5

Hebrews 5:11-6:20

The author is concerned with the _____ of the audience.

What is the author really saying in Hebrews 6:1-8? (5 Interpretations)

1. _____ is he speaking?

INTERPRETATION #1: Warning to _____

2. If he's speaking to _____, what does he mean by "_____?"

INTERPRETATION #2: _____ Salvation

INTERPRETATION #3: _____

INTERPRETATION #4: _____ ("Scare Tactic")

INTERPRETATION #5: Loss of _____.

3. What is the _____ if He's speaking to believers?

If you want to be one who *does* press onto _____, know that God is faithful.

We have to trust that He has been faithful to _____ what He's _____ and that He will continue to be faithful to provide what He has promised.

The author goes on to encourage us press on to maturity by _____ those who inherit the promise through faith and perseverance. (Hebrews 6:12)

The Example of God's Covenant with Abraham (Genesis 15)

We have encouragement to persevere because of the surety of the _____ set before us – that God who promised will be faithful to bring all His promises to pass.

A covenant is a binding agreement, generally obligating the parties to _____ actions. (ie: “_____ you do this, _____ I’ll do that.”)

We would typically expect that God is about to obligate Abraham to pledge his _____, to put his _____ on the line should he violate God's will.

The shocking twist: _____ passed between the pieces as a smoking fire pot and a flaming torch. (Genesis 15:17-21)

There are two parties in this covenant, but in this case, God obligated only _____ to uphold it.

God obligated Himself alone for the redemption of mankind. (See Genesis 12:3) He put His own life on the line.

And 2000 years later, God wrapped Himself in _____ and gave up His very _____.

As our Great High Priest, Jesus secured our hope _____, in the very _____.